



Analytical Monthly Newsletter

Institute for Science Citation ISC

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A Reflection on Jordan Journals in ISC

An Introduction to JCR

Journal Citation Reports (JCR) (https:// jcr.isc.gov.ir/main.aspx) derived international Scientometric standards and is an essential tool for in-depth analysis and ranking of scholarly and professional journals. This tool covers different languages including Persian, English, French, and Arabic. By analyzing citations, Islamic World Journal Citation Reports measures research influence and impact at the journal and category levels and shows the relationship between citing and cited journals. Exploring the impact and influence of the Islamic World's leading scholarly journals is possible by performing direct comparisons of titles using trend analysis. This Product helps researchers keep up with the latest bibliometric developments, track publication and citation patterns to aid strategy and policy making, identify the most influential journals in which to publish articles, determine journal's influence in the marketplace and review editorial functions.

JCR pursues significant goals in Islamic World

- ✓ Evaluating and ranking journals based on scientometric criteria
- ✓ Systematic and objective review of the Islamic World's leading journals
- ✓ Providing the context to understand a journal's true place in the scholarly world
- ✓ Applying a combination of impact metrics, and citing and cited data points to comprise the complete Islamic World citation network.

JCR offers various analysis options:

- ✓ journals' Impact Factors
- ✓ journals' Immediacy Index
- ✓ journals' Cited Half-Life
- ✓ journals' Total Cites
- ✓ journals' Total Articles
- ✓ Citing Journals
- ✓ Cited Journals
- ✓ Journals' Bibliographic Information
- ✓ Advanced Filtering Options
- ✓ Trend Analyses

Subject Assignment in JCR

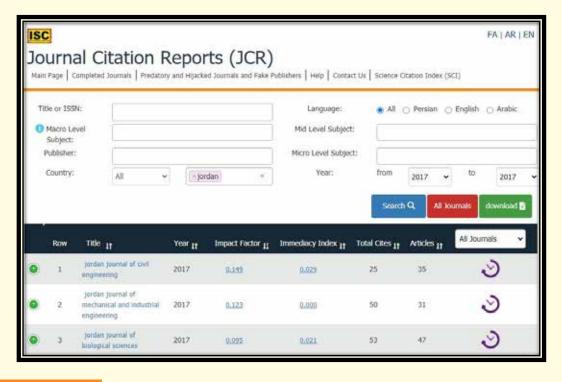
In JCR, there are three levels of subjects: Macro Level, Mid-Level and Micro Level. ISC has assigned subjects according to categorization of Ministry of Science, Research and Technology of Iran until 2016. However, since 2017, subject assignment of ISC in JCR has been done based on international databases categorization, with some slight changes. The Macro Level subjects reported currently in ISC include: Life Sciences, Arts and Humanities, Social Sciences, Health Sciences, Physical Sciences and Multidisciplinary.

Journals of Jordan in JCR

| Row | Title | ISSN | Impact Factor in 2017 | Q in Mid-Level Subject | ISC Level |
|-----|---|----------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|
| 1 | Jordan Journal of Civil Engineering | 19930461 | 0.149 | Engineering (Q2) | S |
| 2 | Jordan Journal of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering | 19956665 | 0.123 | Engineering (Q2) | 3 |
| 3 | Jordan Journal of Biological Sciences | 23077166 | 0.095 | Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology (Q3), Agricultural and Biological Sciences (Q3) | ૭ |
| 4 | المجلة الاردنية في ادارة الاعمال | 23086149 | 0.089 | Business, Management and Accounting (Q4), Economics, Econometrics and Finance (Q3) | 3 |
| 5 | Jordan Journal of Economic Sciences | 23089954 | 0.083 | Economics, Econometrics and Finance (Q3) | < |
| 6 | المجلة الاردنية للعلوم التطبيقية: سلسلة العلوم الانسانية | 16052579 | 0.067 | Chemistry (Q3), Physics and Astronomy (Q2), Medicine (Q3), Mathematics (Q3), Humanities (Q2) | • |
| 7 | المجلة الاردنية في الدراسات الاسلامية | 20795076 | 0.006 | Humanities (Q4), Social Sciences (Q4) | |
| 8 | Jordan Journal of Modern Languages and Literature | 19946953 | 0.000 | Social Sciences (-), Humanities (-) | 4 |
| 9 | الزرقاء للبحوث و الدراسات الانسانية | 15619109 | 0.000 | Humanities (-), Economics, Econometrics and Finance (-), Social Sciences (-) | |
| 10 | المجلة الاردنية في العلوم التربوية | 18149480 | 0.000 | Social Sciences (-), Psychology (-) | |
| 11 | المجلة الاردنية للعلوم الاجتماعية | 20719728 | 0.000 | Social Sciences (-), Psychology (-), Humanities (- | |
| 12 | المجلة الاردنية للفنون | 20768958 | 0.000 | Arts (-) | |
| 13 | مجلة اتحاد الجامعات العربية للآداب | 18189849 | 0.000 | Social Sciences (-), Humanities (-) | |
| 14 | مجلة مجمع اللغة العربية الاردني | 02581094 | 0.000 | Humanities (-) | |
| 15 | Cybrarians Journal | 16872215 | N/A | Social Sciences (N/A) | |
| 16 | General Mathematics Notes | 22197184 | N/A | Mathematics (N/A) | V |
| 17 | International Journal of Advances in Soft Computing and its Applications | 20748523 | N/A | Computer Sciences (N/A) | S |
| 18 | International Journal of Linguistics, Literature and Translation (IJLLT) | 26170299 | N/A | Humanities (N/A), Social Sciences (N/A) | |
| 19 | Jordan Journal of Agricultural Sciences | 18158625 | N/A | N/A | હહ |
| 20 | Jordan Journal of Chemistry | 18149111 | N/A | Chemistry (N/A) | S |
| 21 | Jordan Journal of Earth and Environmental Sciences | 19956681 | N/A | N/A | V |
| 22 | Jordan Journal of Electrical Engineering | 24099600 | N/A | N/A | (|

| Row | Title | ISSN | Impact Factor in 2017 | Q in Mid-Level Subject | ISC Level |
|---|--|----------|-----------------------------|--|--------------|
| 23 | Jordan Journal of Mathematics and Statistics | 20757905 | N/A | Mathematics (N/A) | S |
| 24 | Jordan Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences | 19957157 | N/A | Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics (N/A) | ୬ ୭ |
| 25 | Jordan Journal of Physics | 19947615 | N/A | Physics and Astronomy (N/A) | 0 |
| 26 | Jordan Medical Journal | 04469283 | N/A | Medicine (N/A) | 3 |
| 27 | Jordanian Journal of Computers and Information Technology (JJCIT) | 24139351 | N/A | N/A | 0 |
| 28 | The Arab Journal of Psychiatry | 10168923 | N/A | Medicine (N/A) | • |
| 29 | The International Arab Journal of Information Technology | 16833198 | N/A | Computer Sciences (N/A) | P |
| 30 | الميزان للدراسات الاسلامية و القانونية | 2311097X | N/A | N/A | • |
| 31 | دراسات : العلوم الانسانية و الاجتماعية | 10263721 | N/A | Social Sciences (N/A) | <u> </u> |
| 32 | دراسات : العلوم التربوية | 10263713 | N/A | Social Sciences (N/A), Psychology (N/A) | ૭ |
| 33 | دراسات : علوم الشريعة و القانون | 26636239 | N/A | Social Sciences (N/A), Humanities (N/A) | ૭ |
| * Primary Journals Waiting Journals Core Collection | | | | | |

Jordan has **33** indexed journals in ISC. Iran (1702 journals (479 English journals)), Turkey (318 journals), and Egypt (187 journals) are the first three countries with regard to the number of indexed journals in ISC. As shown in the table above, from among the 33 journals of Jordan indexed in ISC, 1 is in *core collection*, 13 are in *waiting journals*, and 19 are in *primary journals*. With regard to language, 20 journals are in English and 13 in Arabic.



The subjects covered by Jordan's journals include "Arts and Humanities", "Health Sciences", "Life Sciences", "Social Sciences", and "Physical Sciences" in Macro level and "Engineering", "Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology", "Agricultural Biological Sciences", "Business, and Management and Accounting", "Economics, and Finance", Econometrics "Chemistry", "Physics and Astronomy". "Medicine". "Mathematics", "Humanities", "Social

Sciences", "Psychology", "Arts", "Computer Sciences", and "Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics" in *Mid-level*.

Based on the data, the journal "Jordan Journal of Civil Engineering" with an Impact Factor of 1.149 is the best journal of Jordan in ISC. It is Q1 in Macro Level Subject of Physical Sciences and Mid-Level Subject of Engineering. It is in the Waiting List of JCR journals as well.

Higher Education in Jordan

The sector of higher education in Jordan plays a key remarkable role in the process of comprehensive development at various levels and areas. That is, during the last ten years, higher education in Jordan witnessed a significant progress in terms of the diversity of study programs, patterns of teaching and learning that control both the quality and quantity and expansion of higher education institutions.

During the last two decades, the sector of higher education in Jordan witnessed a prominent development as well as progress evidenced by the increasing number of institutions of higher education, enrolled students, faculty members, administrative and academic members; size of expenditures and the financial government support to this significant educational sector.

The number of public universities as a result has reached (10), besides (17) universities that are private, and (51) community colleges, this is in addition to the World Islamic Sciences and Education University. This progress in numbers of universities accompanied by significant increase in number of students enrolled to study in these universities, where the number of enrolled students in both public and private universities is estimated at nearly (236) thousand; (28) thousand out of the total are from Arab or foreign nationalities. Thus,

the pride created by this development as well as progress puts us face-to-face with various challenges, the thing which leads us to pay more efforts in order to overcome the difficulties and obstacles stand before us, to realize a balance between the spread of higher education and its establishment from one side, and its level and quality from the other.

As a result of the development that occurred in this sector and in order to maintain the quality of higher education, the next phase required a reconsideration of the law that governs public and private universities as well as the higher education.

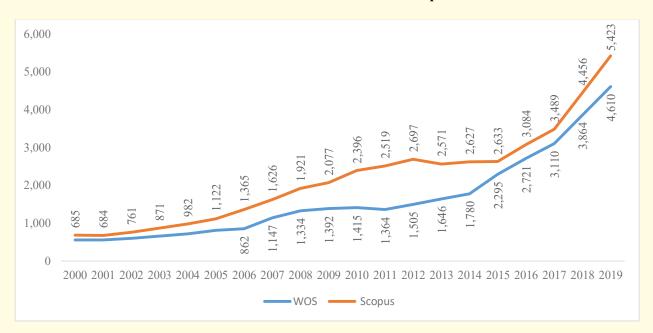
The key performance indicators of the strategy of higher education appear clearly through: percentages of (1) males and female's enrollment into regular admission programs and parallel programs; (2) the steady increase in faculty members; (3) financial government support for institutions of higher education; (4) turnout for expansion of private universities (private sector) that aims to participate in shouldering the burden and responsibilities of education with the public sector; (5) the Higher Education Accreditation Commission that supervises on quality assurance at both public and private institutions of higher education to be

consistent with the international standards; (6) updating libraries of universities and linking all institutions of higher education to the electronic periodicals and universities networks; (7) the Scientific Research Support Fund that finances projects with national priorities, offering grants for outstanding graduates, granting the outstanding research prize, the outstanding researcher prize and the outstanding student prize; (8) and finally accrediting the TOEFL

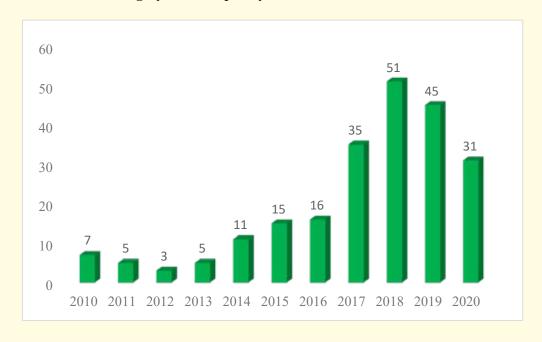
certificate as an admission certificate for joining master and PhD programs.

Moreover, the ministry worked on bridging the gap between higher education output and labor market in order to respond to the present and future needs of qualified and specialized cadres in various areas of knowledge; and to compensate for the lack of natural resources in the region by creating a qualified human resources fortified by knowledge and efficiency.

Jordan Publication in WOS and Scopus



Highly Cited Paper by Jordan Scientists, WOS



Jordan's Share of World's Scientific Publication



Jordan's Share of OIC's Scientific Publication



Top Countries with Highest Scientific Collaboration in 2019

| Rank | Countries | Records |
|------|-----------------|---------|
| 1 | USA | 691 |
| 2 | Saudi Arabia | 462 |
| 3 | England | 270 |
| 4 | U Arab Emirates | 259 |
| 5 | Germany | 227 |
| 6 | Egypt | 198 |
| 7 | Canada | 191 |
| 8 | Malaysia | 179 |
| 9 | India | 171 |
| 10 | AUSTRALIA | 168 |
| 11 | ITALY | 150 |
| 12 | PEOPLES R CHINA | 143 |

Top 10 Universities in ISC World University Rankings by Subject 2020 in Medical and Health Sciences

Introduction

The Islamic World Science Citation Center (ISC) introduced its new global university ranking system "World University Rankings by Subject 2020" (www.wur.isc.ac) in 2021. Of course, ranking is not a new practice in ISC. In fact, ISC – as an ISESCO-Affiliated Center - based on its duties, has been ranking OIC universities since its establishment in 2008. But in 2018, it took the initiative to upgrade its regional ranking system into a global one which releases global university rankings annually. After a decade of doing various rankings, including national, regional, and global rankings, and due to valuable experiences in this field (ISC known as the only ranking authority in Iran since 1999), ISC started to rank world universities based on subject areas for the first time.

This new ranking system reports the status of more than 2000 universities from all over the world with regard to their field and subject. They were selected from a population of more than 3000 universities.

In ISC World University Rankings by Subject, the OECD hierarchical classification structure is used. In this structure, all subject areas are divided into 6 main categories and 42 subcategories (eventually 3 subcategories are left out). The 6 main categories in this ranking system are: Natural Sciences, Engineering and Technology, Medical and Health Sciences, Agricultural Sciences, Social Sciences and Humanities.

In order to collect more information on the methodology of this ranking system, you can refer to the following link: https://wur.isc.ac/
Home/SubjectiveMethodology

Medical and Health Sciences

This major subject includes the following minor subjects:

- Basic Medical Research
- Clinical Medicine
- Health Sciences

In the current report, the top 10 universities in Medical and Health Sciences in OIC region and in the world are introduced as follows:

ISC World University Rankings by Subject 2020 Top 10 World Universities in Medical and Health Sciences

Table 1. Top 10 Universities in Medical and Health Sciences in the World

| Rank | University | |
|------|--|-----|
| 1 | Harvard University | |
| 2 | University of Toronto | |
| 3 | Johns Hopkins University | USA |
| 4 | University College London | UK |
| 5 | University of California San Farncisco | |
| 6 | University of Pennsylvania | |
| 7 | Stanford University | |
| 8 | University of Washington Seattle | |
| 9 | University of Oxford | |
| 10 | Imperial College London | |

As Table 1 indicates, in *ISC World University Rankings by Subject 2020*, the best universities in Medical and Health Sciences in the **world** are Harvard University (USA), University of Toronto (Canada), and Johns Hopkins University (USA) respectively.

It is noticeable that the USA with six universities has the highest number of universities in ISC's top 10 list in Medical and Health Sciences.

ISC World University Rankings by Subject 2020 Top 10 OIC Universities in Medical and Health Sciences

Table 2. Top 10 Universities in Medical and Health Sciences in OIC

| Rank | University | Country |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 231 | Tehran University of Medical Sciences | Iran |
| 250 | American University of Beirut | Lebanon |
| 251-300 | Aga Khan University | Pakistan |
| 251-300 | Cairo University | Egypt |
| 251-300 | King Saud University | Saudi Arabia |
| 301-350 | Hacettepe University | Turkey |
| 301-350 | Istanbul University | Turkey |
| 301-350 | King Abdulaziz University | Saudi Arabia |
| 301-350 | Universiti Malaya | Malaysia |
| 301-350 | University of Ibadan | Nigeria |

As Table 2 reveals, according to *ISC World University Rankings by Subject 2020*, the best universities in Medical and Health Sciences in **OIC** are Tehran University of Medical Sciences (Iran), American University of Beirut (Lebanon), and Aga Khan University (Pakistan) respectively.

Among OIC region, Saudi Arabia and Turkey with two universities have higher number of universities in ISC's top 10 list in Medical and Health Sciences.